

PERIYARUNIVERSITY

PERIYARPALKALAINAGARSA

LEM-636011



**SYLLABUSFOR
B.Sc.-NUTRITIONANDDIETETICS**

**CHOICEBASEDCREDITSYSTEMOUTCOMEB
ASEDEDUCATION**

(For Candidates admitted in the Colleges affiliated to Periyar University from 2021-2022 onwards)

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REGULATIONS

1. Preamble:

Nutrition and Dietetics curriculum has been structured to prepare the undergraduates to achieve skills to move forward with the development of the society/community/nation and entrepreneurship. Nutrition has been recognized and given a special role in national development. This course is following on the same lines laid out in National Policy of Nutrition. This curriculum aims at training students to take up leadership roles in extension and community outreach programs. The students are encouraged to develop a scientific temper. Familiarizing them with the use of newer technologies, methods in family and community linkages, and sustainable use of resources for human development are the hall mark of this course. This course aims at enriching the minds of the students who have interest in learning finer points of nutrition. Nutrition is the key to facilitate the study and enhance the quality of human life. Its approach is therefore inherent and interdisciplinary. Its curriculum that engages the student through teaching, research and extension.

2. ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION:

Candidates for admission to the first year of the Degree of Nutrition and Dietetics courses shall be required to have passed the Higher Secondary Examinations conducted by the Government of Tamil Nadu or any other equivalent examination.

As per Government Order (2020-2021) G.O.(1D)N0.110, Higher Education(G1) Department, dated 18.07.2020.

- ELIGIBILITY:**
1. General Stream: Chemistry with Biology or Home Science
 2. Vocational Stream: Biology or Home Science.

3. ELIGIBILITY FOR THE AWARD OF THE DEGREE:

A candidate shall be eligible for the award of the Degree only if she has undergone the prescribed course of study for a period of not less than three academic years, passed the examinations of all the six semesters prescribed.

4. COURSE OF STUDY:

The main subject of study for Bachelor Degree shall consist of the following:

PART-I: Tamil/Other languages

PART-II: English

PART-III: Core Courses, Elective Courses and Allied Courses

PART-IV:
SBEC*/NMEC**/Add-on course/EVS/Value Education

PART-V:

Extension Activities: NSS/NCC/Sports/YRC and other Extra curricular activities offered under part V of the programmes.

*Skilled Based Elective Course

**Non Major Elective Course

Semester I & II: Allied Course I- Chemistry Allied II- Chemistry and Allied Course practical Chemistry (Compulsory).

Semester III & IV: Allied Course I-General Home Science I Allied II-General Home Science II and Allied Course practical General Home Science I (Compulsory)

Non major elective course subjects may be chosen by the respective colleges and the same must be communicated to the University.

5. Examinations

There shall be six examinations- two in the first year, two in the second year and two in the third year. Candidates failing in any subject / subjects will be permitted to appear for such failed subject/subjects at subsequent examinations. The Syllabus has been divided into six semesters. Examinations for I, III and V semesters will be held in November/ December and for II, IV and VI semesters will be held in April / May. The practical examination I will be held at the end of I year. II will be held at the end of II year. III and IV will be held at the end of II year.

Requirementtoappearforthe examinationA candidate shall be permitted to appear for the university examinations for any semester (practical/theory) if He / She secure not less than 75% of attendance in the number of working days during the semester.

6. Passing Minimum

A candidate who secures not less than 40% in the university (external) Examination and 40% marks in the external examination and continuous internal assessment put together in any course of Part I, II, III & IV shall be declared to have passed the examination in the subject (theory or Practical).

7. ClassificationofSuccessfulCandidates

Candidates who secure not less than 60% of the aggregate marks in the whole examination shall be declared to have passed the examination in First Class. All other successful candidates shall be declared to have passed in the Second Class. Candidates who obtain 75% of the marks in the aggregate shall be declared to have passed the examination in First Class with Distinction provided they pass all the examinations prescribed for the course at the first appearance. Candidates who pass all the examinations (Part I, II, III & IV) prescribed for the course in the **FIRST APPEARANCE ITSELF ALONE** is eligible for ranking.

8. MaximumDurationforthecompletionoftheprogramme: The maximum duration for completion of the UG Programmes shall not exceed twelve semesters.

9. CommencementofthisRegulation:

These regulations shall take effect from the academic year 2021-2022, i.e. for students who are to be admitted to the first year of the course during the academic year 2021-2022 and thereafter.

10. PatternofQuestionPaper(AllCourses)

Time:3Hours

Maximum:75

MarksPart A : $15 \times 1 = 15$ (Multiple Choice) (Three questions from eachunit)Part B : $2 \times 5 = 10$ (Any Two questions) (One question from eachunit)PartC: $5 \times 10 = 50$ (One question from each unit with internal choice)

11. EVALUATION PATTERN FOR INTERNAL ASSESSMENT 1

1A.THEORY PAPERS

component	Time	Total Marks	IA marks
TestI	2 hours	50	10
TestII	2 hours	50	10
Assignment(minimum 2)		10	05
		Total	25

PASS PERCENTAGE

Passing minimum (Internal Assessment) 40%	10 marks
Passing minimum (External Assessment) 40%	30 marks
Total	40 marks

11B.PRACTICALS

External Assessment (EA)		Internal Assessment (IA)	
60 Marks		40 Marks	
component	Time	Total Marks	IA marks
Practical I	3 hours	50	15
Practical II	3 hours	50	15
Record			05
Attendance			05
		Total	40

PASS PERCENTAGE

Passing minimum (Internal Assessment) 40%	16marks
Passing minimum (External Assessment) 40%	24marks
Total	40marks

Programme Outcomes

PO1.KNOWLEDGE

Students:

- Follow the developments in the field of nutrition and dietetics.
- Have knowledge and skill of the information and communication technologies essential to follow today's technological developments and improve themselves in this field.
- Acquire the skill of understanding the basic values and culture of the society they live in, adapting to these and changing themselves positively.
- Have knowledge of the concepts of physiology, nutritional biochemistry, nutrition, dietetics and other related to human health.

PO2.SKILLS

Students:

- Acquire the ability to apply the knowledge and skills they obtain to the situations encountered in both national and international level, as well as the ability of lifelong learning.
- Aware of professional ethics.
- Apply the scientific methods and techniques, as well as quality management processes related to their field.
- Acquire the skills of designing experiments/projects and conducting and interpreting them by analysing their results.

PO3.COMPETENCES

Students:

- Use the knowledge they acquire to increase the society's level of health and quality of life.
- Have the skills of planning the work processes in the fields of professional application, being a team member, collaborating and conducting collaborative studies.

Program Specific Outcomes (PSO)

Nutrition & Dietetics students will demonstrate the following learning Objectives upon completion of this degree program

1. Understanding, critically assessing and knowing how to use and apply information sources related to nutrition, food, lifestyle and health.
2. Being familiar with nutrients, their function in an organism, bioavailability, requirements and recommended quantities, as well as the bases of energetic and nutritional balance.
3. Interpreting a nutritional diagnosis, evaluating nutritional aspects of a clinical record and implementing a dietary treatment plan.
4. Understanding the structure of food services, nutrition departments and hospital nutritionists, identifying and developing the functions of a nutritionist-dietician in a multidisciplinary team.
5. Perform food system management and leadership functions that consider sustainability in business, healthcare, community, and institutional areas

COURSE OF STUDY AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

SEMESTERI								
Part	Study Component	Course Title	Hrs/ week	Exam				Credit
				Dur. Hrs	CIA	Uni. exam	Total	
I	Language	Tamil/Iorotherlan guage	6	3	25	75	100	3
II	Language	English I- Communicative English	6	3	25	75	100	3
III	CoreI	Human Physiology	6	3	25	75	100	5
III	CorePractic all	Human Physiology	3	-	-	-	-	-
III	AlliedI	ChemistryI	4	3	25	75	100	4
III	AlliedPract icalI	Chemistry	3	-	-	-	-	-
IV	Add- oncour se	Professional English-I	6	3	25	75	100	4
IV	-	Value Education	2	3	25	75	100	-
		TOTAL	36		150	450	600	19

SEMESTERII

Part	Study Component	Course Title	Hrs/ week	Exam				Credit
				Dur. Hrs	CIA	Uni.e xam	Total	
I	Language	Tamil/Iorotherlan guage	6	3	25	75	100	3

II	Language	EnglishII-CommunicativeEnglish	4	3	25	75	100	3
III	CoreII	FoodScience	6	3	25	75	100	5
III	CorePracticalII	FoodScience	3	3	40	60	100	3
III	AlliedI	ChemistryII	4	3	25	75	100	4
III	AlliedPracticalI	Chemistry	3	3	40	60	100	2
III	CorePracticalI	HumanPhysiology	-	3	40	60	100	3
IV	Add-oncourse	Professional English-II	6	3	25	75	100	4
IV	-	EnvironmentalStudies	2	3	25	75	100	-
II	NaanMudhvianSkillDevelopmentCourse	Languageproficiency foremployability(GenericName)-Effective English (CourseName)30-45hours	2	3	25	75	100	2
		TOTAL	36		295	705	1000	29

SEMESTERIII

Part	StudyComponent	CourseTitle	Hrs/week	Exam				Credit
				Dur. Hrs	CIA	Uni.exam	Total	
I	Language	Tamil III or otherlanguage	6	3	25	75	100	3
II	Language	EnglishIII-CommunicativeEnglish	6	3	25	75	100	3

III	CoreIII	Nutritional Biochemistry	4	3	25	75	100	4
III	CorePractical III	Nutritional Biochemistry	2	-	-	-	-	-
III	AlliedII	General HomeScienceI	4	3	25	75	100	4
III	AlliedPracticalII	General HomeScience	2	-	-	-	-	-
IV	SBECl	Foodpreservation andprocessing	2	3	25	75	100	3
IV	NMECI	OtherMajor	2	3	25	75	100	2
IV	NMSDC	Digital Skill for Employability- Microsoft Office Essentials	2	3	25	75	100	2
		TOTAL	30		150	450	600	22

SEMESTERIV

Part	Study Component	CourseTitle	Hrs/ week	Exam				Credit
				Dur. Hrs	CIA	Uni.e xam	Total	
I	Language	TamilIVorotherlanguage	6	3	25	75	100	3
II	Language	EnglishIV- CommunicativeEnglish	6	3	25	75	100	3
III	CoreIV	Principle ofHumanNutrition	4	3	25	75	100	4

III	CorePractical III	Nutritional Biochemistry	-	3	40	60	100	3
III	CorePractical IV	FoodAnalysisandQualityControl	3	3	40	60	100	3
III	AlliedII	General HomeScienceII	4	3	25	75	100	4
III	AlliedPracticalII	General HomeScience	3	3	40	60	100	2
IV	SBECII	FoodStandardandQualityControl	2	3	25	75	100	3
IV	NMECII	OtherMajor	2	3	25	75	100	3
IV	NaanMudhalvanSkillDevelopmentCourse	Employability Skills-Microsoft	2	3	25	75	100	2
		TOTAL	30		295	705	1000	30

SEMESTER V

Part	Study Component	Course Title	Hrs/ week	Exam				Credit
				Dur. Hrs	CIA	Uni.e xam	Total	
III	CoreV	NutritioninLifeCycle	5	3	25	75	100	5
III	CoreVI	AdvancedDietetics	5	3	25	75	100	5
III	CorePracticalV	NutritioninLifeCycle	3	-	-	-	-	-
III	ElectiveI	PublicHealthNutrition	4	3	25	75	100	4
III	ElectiveII	BasicinResearchMethodology	4	3	25	75	100	4

IV	SBECIII	BakeryScience	3	3	25	75	100	3
IV	SBECIV PracticalI	Food PreservationandBak ery	2	-	-	-	-	-
III	CoreVII	Institutional Training	2	-	-	-	-	-
IV	NMSDC	Advance Technology for employability in Life Science -Food Analysis Food Processing & Preservation methods	2	3	25	75	100	2
		TOTAL	30		125	375	500	21

SEMESTERVI

Part	StudyCo mponent	CourseTitle	Hrs/ week	Exam				Credit
				Dur. Hrs	CIA	Uni.e xam	Total	
III	CoreVII	Institutional Training	3	3	40	60	100	4
III	CoreVIII	FoodMicrobiology	5	3	25	75	100	4
III	CoreIX	QuantityFoodServ iceandPhysicalFacil ties	5	3	25	75	100	4
III	CorePractic alV	NutritioninLifeC ycle	-	3	40	60	100	3
III	CorePractic alVI	Dietetics	3	3	40	60	100	3
III	ElectiveIII	Nutrition forSportsandFitness	4	3	25	75	100	4
IV	SBECIV PracticalI	Food PreservationandBak ery	-	3	40	60	100	3

IV	SBECV	DietCounselling	4	3	25	75	100	3
IV	SBECVI	EntrepreneurshipDevelopment	4	3	25	75	100	3
	NMSDC	Food and Agri Business Management skills for Employability- Organic Food Production Techniques	2	-	-	-	-	2
V	ExtensionActivities/NSS/NCC/YRC/OTHERS							
		TOTAL	30		285	615	900	33
		OVERALLTOTAL					4600	152

SEMESTERI	
Core/MajorCourseI	HumanPhysiology
PaperCode:	Theory:6hrs/week

CourseLearningOutcomes:

1. Gain the basic knowledge of human anatomy and physiology.
2. Define the main structures composing human body.
3. Explains structure and functions of cells, tissues and organs, systems of the human body.
4. Relates structure and functions of tissue.
5. Provides excellent preparation for careers in the health professions and/or biomedical research.

CourseContent

Unit-I

Cell – Structure of organelles and functions. Tissues – Structure, classification and functions.

Unit-II

Blood –

Composition, functions, coagulation, factors affecting coagulation, blood groups.

Gastrointestinal and Hepatobiliary system –

Structure, physiology and functions for different organs and role of hormones and enzymes.

Unit- III

Immune system – Innate, acquired and active immunity, cell mediated immunity, humoral immunity and complement system.

Heart and circulation – Structure, cardiac cycle, cardiac output, factors affecting cardiac output, normal ECG, heart failure, blood pressure, control and factors affecting blood pressure.

Unit-IV

Respiratory system–Structure and functions,Lungvolumes andlungcapacities,Factorsaffectingefficacyoffrespiration.

Excretory system - (A) Urinary System: - Structure and functions of organs of urinary system (In brief), Mechanism of urine formation. (B)Skin:- Structureandfunctions,Regulationofbodytemperature.

Unit-V

Reproductive system –(A)Female reproductive system -- Structureandfunctions,menstrualcycle,menarcheandmenopause.

(B) MaleReproductivesystem-- Structureandfunctions.

Endocrinesystem - Thyroid,Parathyroid,Adrenal gland,PituitaryandSexglands–Structureandfunctions.

References

1. Ross and Wilson (2011), Anatomy and physiology in Health and Illness, 11th Edition, Churchill Livingstone.
2. West, J.B. (2007), Best and Taylor's Physiological Basis of Medical Practice, 11th Edition.
3. Gyton (1996), Test Book of Medical Physiology, 9th Edition, Prism Books Pvt. Ltd., W.B. Sanders Company, USA.
4. Chatterjee C.C (2016), Human Physiology Volume I, Medical Allied Agency, Kolkata.
5. Chatterjee C.C (2004), Human Physiology Volume II, Medical Allied Agency, Kolkata.
6. Sembulingam, K. (2000) Essentials of Medical Physiology, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd., New Delhi.
7. Chaudhri, K. (1993) Concise Medical Physiology, New Central Book Agency (Parental) Ltd., Calcutta.

SEMESTERI	
Core/MajorPracticalII	HumanPhysiology
PaperCode:	Theory:3hrs/week

CourseLearningOutcomes:

1. Gain the basic knowledge of the different vital organs, glands and tissues under a microscope.
2. To estimate the blood parameters like hemoglobin, blood group, bleeding time, clotting time and platelet count

Coursecontent

1. Microscopic study of tissues - epithelial, connective and muscular.
2. Collection of blood sample -
Capillary blood from fingertip sand venous blood.
3. Separation of blood components (Centrifugation).
4. Estimation of hemoglobin - Sahli's Acid hematin method.
5. Determination of Hematocrit (Wintrobemethod).
6. Preparation and examination of stained blood smear (Wedge or glass slide method).
7. Determination of Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (Wintrobemethod).
8. Determination of blood group.
9. Determination of bleeding time (Duke method) and coagulation time (Capillary tube method).
10. Platelet count (Rees Eckermethod by hemocytometry).
11. Clinical examination of radial pulse (pulserate).
12. Measurement of blood pressure (Sphygmomanometry).
13. Effect of exercise on blood pressure and heart rate.
14. Microscopic structure of heart, digestive system and kidney.
15. Microscopic structure of reproductive organs - ovary, uterus, mammary glands and testis.
16. Microscopic structure of endocrine glands - thyroid, pituitary and adrenal.

Reference: G.K.Pal and Pravati pal, Text book of practical physiology, Orient Longman Ltd. 2001.

SEMESTERII	
Core/MajorCourseI	FoodScience
PaperCode:	Theory:6hrs/week

CourseLearningOutcomes:

1. Summarize and critically discuss and understand both fundamental and applied aspects of Food Science.
2. Identify nutrients specific for each and apply the principles from the various factors of foods and related disciplines to solve practical as well as real world problems.
3. Understand the food groups and their functions, acquire knowledge on different methods of cooking and apply processes of different foods.
4. Use combination of foods in the development of food products.
5. Identify and control adulterants in various foods and evaluate food quality.
6. Use current information technologies to locate and apply evidence-based guidelines and protocol and get imported with critical thinking to take leadership roles in the field of health, diet and special nutritional needs.

CourseContent

Unit-I

Food: Definition, functional classification, groups (4, 5, 7 and 11), food pyramid.

Cooking: Definition and objectives; Methods- Moist heat methods, dry heat methods, combination of both and microwave cooking; Effect of cooking on nutrients.

Beverages: Classification; Coffee beverage- Constituents and method of preparation; Tea-Types, preparation; Cocoa- Composition, nutritive value and preparation of cocoa beverage; Fruit beverages- Types; Introduction to vegetable juices, milk based beverages, malted beverages, carbonated nonalcoholic beverages and alcoholic beverages.

Unit-II

Cereals and millets: Structure, composition and nutritive value of rice, wheat and oats; Nutritive value of maize, jowar, ragi and bajra. Cereal cookery: Effect of moist heat- Hydrolysis, Gelatinisation and factors affecting gelatinization, gel formation, retrogradation and syneresis; Effect of dry heat; Role of cereals in cookery.

Pulses: Composition, nutritive value, toxic constituents; Pulse cookery- Effect of cooking, factors affecting cooking quality, role of pulses in cookery, germination and its advantages.

Unit-III

Milk and milk products: Composition and nutritive value of milk; Milk cookery- Effect of heat, effect of acid and effect of enzymes; Milk products- Non fermented and fermented products (does not include preparation); Role of milk in cookery.

Egg: Structure, composition, nutritive value; Egg cookery- Effect of heat, factors affecting coagulation of egg proteins and effect of other ingredients on egg protein; Role of egg in cookery; Home scale method for detecting egg quality.

Meat: Classification, composition, nutritive value, rigor mortis, ageing and tenderizing; Meat cookery- Changes during cooking.

Poultry: Classification, composition and nutritive value.

Fish: Classification, composition, nutritive value, selection and principles of fish cookery.

Unit-IV

Vegetables: Classification (nutritional), composition, nutritive value; Pigments in vegetables- Water soluble and water insoluble; Enzymes, flavor compounds and bitter compounds; Vegetable cookery- Preliminary preparation, changes during cooking, loss of nutrients during cooking, effect of cooking on pigments, role of vegetables in cookery.

Fruits: Classification, composition, nutritive value, ripening of fruits; Browning- Types and preventive measures.

Spices:General functions,role in cookery; Medicinal value of commonly used spices.

Unit-V

Fats and oils: Composition and nutritive value, basic knowledge about commonly used fats and oils (lard, butter, margarine, cottonseed oil, ground nut oil, coconut oil, soya bean oil, olive oil, rice bran oil, sesame oil, rapeseed oil, mustard oil and palm oil); Spoilage of fat-Types and prevention; Effect of heating, role of fats and oils in cookery.

Sugar and related products: Nutritive value, characteristics and uses of various types of sugars; Sugar cookery-Crystallization and factors affecting crystallization; Stages of sugar cookery; Role of sugar in cookery.

Reference

1. Maney S (2008). Foods, Facts and Principles, 3rd Edition Published by Wiley Eastern, New Delhi.
2. Usha Chandrasekhar (2002) Food Science and Application in Indian Cookery, Phoenix Publishing House P. Ltd., New Delhi.
3. Raina U, Kashyap S, Narula V, Thomas S, Suvira, Vir S, Chopra S (2010) Basic Food Preparation: A Complete Manual, 4th Edition, Orient Black Swan Ltd, Mumbai.
4. Srilakshmi, B. (2017) Nutrition Science, New Age International (P) Ltd., New Delhi,.
5. Mahtab, S. Bamji, Kamala Krishnasamy, Brahmam G. N. V (2012) Text Book of Human Nutrition, Third Edition, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. P. Ltd., New Delhi.
6. Sunetra Roday (2017). Food Science and Nutrition, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

SEMESTERII	
Core/MajorPracticalI	FoodScience
PaperCode:	Theory:3hrs/week

CourseLearningOutcomes:

1. Demonstrates skills on determination of edible portion, effect of cooking on volume and weight.
2. Choose appropriate cooking method to conserve nutrients.
3. Acquire skills on different methods of cooking. Understand experimental cookery.
4. Develop recipes by applying knowledge on cooking methods and properties of food

CourseContent

1. Grouping of foods according to ICMR classification.
2. Measurement of food materials using standard measuring cups, spoons and weighing.
3. Find the percentage of edible portion of foods.
4. Observe the microscopic structure of different starches before and after gelatinization (rice, wheat and corn).
5. Study the effect of temperature, time of heating, concentration, addition of sugar and acid on gelatinization of starch.
6. Prepare recipes using the following processes - Gelatinization, gluten formation and gel formation.
7. Demonstrate the best method of cooking rice.
8. Demonstrate the effect of soaking, hard water, sodium bicarbonate and papaya on cooking quality of pulses.
9. Prepare recipes using whole gram, dhal, pulse flours, sprouted pulses and cereal pulse combination.
10. Demonstrate the factors affecting coagulation of milk protein.
11. Prepare recipes using milk and its products.
12. Demonstrate the formation of ferrous sulphide in boiling egg and its preventive measures.

13. Demonstrate the effect of addition of acid, fat, salt, water and sugar on the texture of omelettes.
14. Prepare recipes where egg acts as – thickening agent, binding agent, emulsifying agent and enriching agent.
15. Demonstrate the effect of acid, alkali and overcooking on vegetables containing different pigments.
16. Demonstrate the effect of different amounts of water added to vegetables during cooking on flavor and appearance.
17. Demonstrate enzymatic browning in vegetables and fruits and any four methods of preventing it.
18. Prepare the following using fruits and vegetables – salads, soups and curries.
19. Determine the smoking point of any 4 cooking oils.
20. Prepare recipes using shallow fat and deep fat frying methods.
21. Demonstrate the stages of sugar cookery
22. Prepare recipes using various stages of sugar cookery and jaggery.
23. Preparation of any one beverage under the following types – refreshing, nourishing, stimulating, soothing and appetizing.

Reference

1. Srilakshmi B. Food Science, New Age International (P) Ltd. Publishers, Sixth edition. 2016.
2. Khanna K, Gupta S, Seth R, Mahna R, Rekhi T (2004). The Art and Science of Cooking: A Practical Manual, Revised Edition. Elite Publishing House Pvt Ltd.
3. Raina U, Kashyap S, Narula V, Thomas S, Suvira, Vir S, Chopra S (2010). Basic Food Preparation: A Complete Manual, Fourth Edition. Orient Black Swan Ltd.
4. Bamji MS, Krishnaswamy K, Brahmam GNV (2009). Textbook of Human Nutrition, 3rd edition. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd.

SEMESTER III	
Core/Major Course III	Nutritional Biochemistry
Paper Code:	Theory: 4 hrs/week

Course Learning Outcomes:

1. To acquire knowledge related to the role of TCA cycle in central carbon metabolism.
2. To understand the importance of lipid as storage molecules and as structural component of biomembranes.
3. Capable of describing biochemical pathways relevant in nutrient metabolism.
4. To understand the concepts of preparation of buffers
5. To acquire fundamental knowledge on enzymes and their importance in biological reactions.

Course Content

Unit-I

Fundamentals of Biochemistry, Biological Membranes and Transport. Carbohydrates- Definition, classification. Structure (linear) of Monosaccharides-

Glucose, fructose and galactose; Disaccharides-

Maltose, lactose and sucrose; Polysaccharides-

Starch and glycogen. Definition of Glycolysis, glycogenesis, glycogenolysis and gluconeogenesis. Metabolism-

Glycolytic pathway, oxidation of pyruvic acid, Citric Acid Cycle. Pentose Phosphate Pathway

Unit-II

Lipids- Definition, classification and properties. Metabolism- Beta-Oxidation and biosynthesis of fatty acids. Cholesterol metabolism. Definitions- Ketone bodies, ketogenesis and ketosis.

Unit- III

Protein-

Definition,classification,structure,physicalproperties,chemicalpropertiesand utilization.Aminoacids-Types,Definition-

deamination,transaminationanddecarboxylation.UreaproductionEnzymesan dco-enzymes-

Definition,types,classificationandfactorsaffectingvelocityofenzymecatalyzed reactions.

Unit-IV

Introductiontogeneticcontrolofmetabolism-Nucleicacids-

Types,composition,structure,functions,replication.Elementaryknowledgeofbi osynthesisofproteinElectrontransportchainandoxidativephosphorylation.Bio energetics.

Unit-V

Acid – base balance: Acid-base balance in normal health, definition of buffers,principlesofbuffers,majorsourcesofacidproducedinthebody,physiologicalbuffersystemandroleofdifferentbuffersystems.Fluidandelectrolytebalance-Maintenanceinnormalhealth.

Reference

1. 1.Pattabiraman. T.N. Concise Text Book of Bio-chemistry, 2ndedition,AllIndiaPublishersandDistributors,1998.
2. Deb.A.C.,FundamentalofBiochemistry,NewCentruyBookAgency (P)Ltd,Reprint2004.
3. AmbikaShanmugam, Fundamentals of biochemistry for Medicalstudents,
4. KarthikPprinters,7thedition,1992.
5. U.SathyanaarayanaandU.Chakrabani,Biochemistry,ThirdEdition,Uppala-AuthorPublishers,2007.

6. Mahtab.S.Bamji,Kamala Krishnaswamy and G.N.VBrahmam,TextBookof HumanNutrition,OxfordandIBHPublishingCompany,ThirdEdition.2009
7. RamadeviK,Ed:AmbikaShanmugam'sFundamentals of biochemistry for medical students, 8th edition, Wolters Kluwer Health,India,2016.
8. RodwellV,BenderD,BothamKM,KennellyPJ,WeilPA,Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry,30th Edition,McGrawhill Education,2015.
9. Sulochana H, Principles of Biochemistry, PBS enterprises, Chennai,2010.
- 10.Cox MM and Nelson DL, Lehninger Principles of biochemistry, 5th edition, EHFreman&Company, Newyork,2008
11. VasudevanDM,SreekumariS,TextbookofBiochemistry,5thedition,Jaypee Publishers,NewDelhi,2007
- 12.VeerakumariL,Biochemistry,1st edition,MJPPublishers,200513.Murray RK, Granner DK, Mayes PA, Rodwell VW, Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry,26th edition,Mcgrawhill publishing house,.,2003

SEMESTER III	
Core/Major Practical III	Nutritional Biochemistry
Paper Code:	Theory: 3 hrs/week

Course Learning Outcomes:

1. To learn qualitative and quantitative analysis of biological fluids such as urine, blood and their estimation using standard methods.

Course Content

1. Qualitative analysis of carbohydrate - glucose, fructose, lactose, sucrose and maltose.
2. Qualitative analysis of amino acids - histidine, methionine, tryptophan, tyrosine, arginine and cysteine
3. Determination of urinary phosphorus and urea.
4. Estimation of blood cholesterol, iron and glucose.

SEMESTER III	
SBECI	Food preservation and Processing
Paper Code:	Theory: 2 hrs/week

Course Learning Outcomes:

1. Describe the principles of food preservation
2. Suggest the application of the preservation process depending on the type of food.
3. To understand the principles of processing plant foods and to study the need for processing foods.
4. Choose the appropriate application of certain conservation processes with regard to the preservation of quality and the satisfactory durability of food products.
5. Optimize process parameters for selected conservation processes taking into account the physico-chemical properties of food products.

Course

Content Unit I

Introduction of food preservation - Definition and scope of food preservation, Principles of preservation, Food Preservation by high temperature - Sterilization, Pasteurization, Blanching and Canning.

Unit II

Food preservation by drying and dehydration: Definition, drying as a means of preservation, Differences between sun drying and types of driers used in the food industry. Evaporation – Definition, factors affecting evaporation, names of evaporators used in food industry.

UnitIII

Food Preservation by Low temperature-
 Introduction to refrigeration, cool storage and freezing - Definition, Principle of freezing, changes occurring during freezing, Types of freezing.
 Preservatives and its types and Shelf life of food products.

UnitIV

Food Processing - Definition, Importance, Scope
 of food processing industry. Classification of plant food processing -
 Fruit and vegetable processing, Cereal and legume processing and Oilseeds processing.

UnitV

Classification of animal food processing -

Milk processing, Meat processing, Fish processing, Poultry processing.

Introduction to Food Packaging - Objectives and functions of food packaging,

- Types of packaging Materials (briefly).

Reference

1. Potter NN (2013) Food science. 2. Brennan JG and Grandison AS (2012) Food processing handbook. 2nd Edition, John Wiley.
2. Manoranjan Kalia (2014) Food Quality Management Second Edition, Agro tech Publishing Academy, Udaipur.
3. Walter A. Mercer, (1988) Advances in Food Research First Edition, Academic Press, University of California, U.S.A. 3. Potter N (1995) Food Technology, 5th Edition, Cornell University, Ithaca, New York.
4. Coles R, McDowell D and Kirwan MJ, Food Packaging Technology, CRC Press, 2003
5. Frazier WC and Westhoff DC, Food Microbiology, TMH Publication, New Delhi, 2004.
6. Meyer LH, Food Chemistry, CBS Publication, New Delhi, 1987 8. Potter NH, Food Science, CBS Publication, New Delhi,
7. Ranganna S, Handbook of Analysis and Quality Control for Fruits and Vegetable Products, 2nd ed.

SEMESTERIV	
Core/MajorCourseIV	PrincipleofHumanNutrition
PaperCode:	Theory:4hrs/week

CourseLearningOutcomes:

1. Summarize and critically discuss and understand both fundamental and applied aspects of nutrition.
2. Able to explain functions of specific nutrients in maintaining health
3. Identifying nutrient specific force and apply the principles from the various factors of foods.
4. Gain in basic knowledge of the different nutrients and their role in maintaining health of the community
5. Develop skills in qualitative analysis and quantitative estimation of nutrients.

CourseContent

Unit-I

Science of Nutrition, Concept of Nutrition- Definition of nutrition, health, nutritional status and malnutrition. RDA- Definition, factors affecting RDA and methods used for deriving RDA.

Carbohydrates-Definition, composition, functions, maintenance of blood sugar levels, requirement, sources, digestion and absorption; Dietary fiber- Definition, classification, physiological effects and sources.

Unit-II

Proteins- Definition, composition, nutritional classification of proteins and amino acids, functions, sources, requirements, digestion and absorption. Evaluation of protein quality: PER, BV, NPU and Chemical score.

Lipids- Definition, composition, functions, sources, requirements, digestion and absorption. Essential fatty acids- Definition, functions, sources and effects of deficiency.

Unit- III

Energy-

Definition, unit of measurement, direct and indirect calorimetry; Determination of energy value of food, Total Energy requirement, Factors affecting physical activity, Factors affecting Basal Metabolic Rate, factors affecting Thermic effect of food, Recommended Dietary Allowances and Sources

Unit-IV

Macro Minerals-

Calcium and Phosphorous: Functions, requirements, sources and effects of deficiency. Micro minerals-

Iron, Iodine, Copper, Fluorine and Zinc: Functions, sources, requirements and effects of deficiency. Sodium and Potassium : Functions, sources, requirements and effects of imbalances.

Unit-V

Fat soluble Vitamins-

Vitamin A, D, E and K: Functions, requirements, sources and effects of deficiency. Water Soluble Vitamins-

Thiamine, riboflavin, niacin, ascorbic acid, folic acid, vitamin B6 and vitamin B12: Functions, requirements, sources and effects of deficiency.

Reference

1. Sumathi R. Mudambi, Rajagopal, M.V., Fundamentals of Foods and Nutrition, New Age International (P) Ltd, Publishers, Third edition, 1997.
2. Srilakshmi B., Nutrition Science, New Age International (P) Ltd, Publishers, Fifth, multicoloured edition, 2016.
3. Mangala Kango, Normal Nutrition, Curing diseases through diet, CBS Publications, First edition, 2005.
4. Sue Rodwell Williams, Nutrition and Diet Therapy, C.V. Melskey Co., 6th edition, 2000.
5. Mahtab S. Bamji, Kamala Krishnaswamy and G.N. V Brahmam, Text Book of Human Nutrition, Oxford and IBH Publishing Company, Third Edition, 2009.

SEMESTERIV	
Core/Major Practical IV	Food Analysis and Quality Control
Paper Code:	Theory: 3 hrs/week

Course Learning Outcomes:

1. To understand different sampling techniques employed in chemical analysis of foods
2. To understand on the quality attributes, their measurement principle and instrumentation of various instruments used in food quality analysis.
3. To learn about the importance of various methods to identify any adulteration aspect of food.

Course Content

1. Determination of moisture, ash and fiber in food.
2. Estimation of calcium, phosphorous, iron and ascorbic acid in food.
3. Estimation of total nitrogen in food.
4. Estimation of titrable acidity, pectin content of foods and lactose.
5. Estimation of specific gravity of milk using lactometer.
6. Determination of gluten content.
7. Determination of sugar concentration of food products using refractometer.
8. Sensitivity tests for four basic tastes.
9. Isolation of microorganisms by Pure Culture Technique and Microbial count by Standard Plate Count Method.
10. Morphology and structural features of various bacteria and fungi commonly associated with Foods.
11. Tests for identification of adulterants present in commonly used foods.

Reference

Ranganna S. 2001. Handbook of Analysis and Quality Control for Fruit and Vegetable Products. 2nd Ed. Tata-McGraw-Hill. Govt. of India.

SEMESTERIV	
SBECHI	Food Standard and Quality Control
PaperCode:	Theory:2hrs/week

Course Learning Outcomes:

1. To provide an opportunity to learn food quality standards.
2. To develop the skills on the standardization of food products with respect to quality maintain according to universal food standard worldwide.
3. To understand the principles of sensory evaluation
4. To develop skills to carry out sensory evaluation of a newly developed product
5. To understand the terms food adulteration and adulterant.

Course Content

Unit I

Standardization of Foods; Definition, Standards of Quality, for cereals, starchy foods, spices and condiments, sweetening agents, meat and meat products, vinegar, sugar and confectionary, beverages-alcoholic and non-alcoholic, carbonated water etc., Milk and milk products, oils and fats, Canned foods, fruits and vegetables products.

Unit II

Food laws and regulation: Mandatory and voluntary food laws, International quality systems and standards like ISO and Food Codex, BRC; International trades & federal agencies, Indian act-Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006.

UnitIII

Various food acts-PFA,FPO,AGMARK,MMPO, MFPO,edible oil acts, standard weight acts.HACCP AND WTO(briefly).

UnitIV

Concept of quality: quality attributes: physical, chemical, nutritional and microbial evaluation and measurement. Sensory evaluation-Types of sensory evaluation.

UnitV

Microbial quality control- determination of microorganisms in foods by cultural, microscopic, physical, chemical methods. Food adulteration-Definition, types of adulteration and toxic constituents.

Reference

1. Siddappa,G.S.,GirdhariLal and Tandon,G.L.1998.Preservation of Fruits and Vegetables.ICAR,New Delhi
2. Sivasankar, B. 2002. Food Processing and Preservation. PHI Learning Pvt Ltd. Delhi
3. Srilakshmi. 2010. Food Science. New age International 978-81-224-2724-0.
4. Srivastava,R.P.& Sanjeev Kumar.2002.Fruits and vegetable Preservation-Principles and Practice. International Book Distributing Co., Lucknow.
5. Swaminathan,M.1988.Handbook of Food Science & Experimental Food s.Bappco publishers,Bangalore
6. U.D.Chavan and J.V.Patil.2013.Industrial Processing of fruits and vegetables.Astral International Pvt Ltd. New Delhi.
7. Vijay,K.2001.Text Book of Food Sciences and Technology. ICAR, New Delhi.

SEMESTERV	
Core/MajorCourseV	NutritioninLifeCycle
PaperCode:	Theory:5hrs/week

CourseLearningOutcomes:

1. To apply knowledge of the science of nutrition to human health across the lifespan.
2. Relate foods and nutrients to the biological requirements of humans at different stages of the life cycle.
3. Explain, compare and contrast the nutritional requirements of humans during different stages of the life cycle.
4. Apply collaboration and team work skills through shared learning in nutritional disease topics.
5. To formulate a dietary intervention plan to address nutritional deficiencies or excesses according to the health needs of individuals relative to age, development and disease status.

Unit-I

Menu planning – Objectives, planning balanced diets, food exchange lists.

Nutrition in pregnancy – Food and nutrient requirements, physiological changes during pregnancy, developmental stages of the embryo, physiological cost of pregnancy and complications in pregnancy.

Nutrition in lactation –

Food and nutrient requirements, physiology of lactation, composition of breast milk, influence of mother's diet on the quality and quantity of milk production.

Unit-II

Nutrition during infancy – Growth and development during infancy, food and nutrient requirements, advantages of breast feeding, artificial feeding, preterm baby – nutritional requirements, weaning- types of weaning foods and supplementary foods, problems in weaning.

UnitIII

Nutrition during preschool age – Food and nutrient requirements, eatinghabitsandbehaviour,growthanddevelopmentandfactorsinhibitinggrowth.

Nutrition for school going children – Food and nutrient requirement, growthpattern,packedlunches,schoollunchprogrammes.

UnitIV

Nutrition during adolescence – Food and nutrient requirements, changes ingrowthpattern,puberty,menarche,changesinfoodhabits,bingeeatingdisorder,predispositiontoosteoporosis,anaemia,undernutrition,premenstrualsyndrome,malnutritionduetoearlymarriage,nutritionalprogrammes.

UnitV

Nutritioninadulthood–

Foodandnutrientrequirements,changesinconsumption pattern - physical, mental and social changes influencing mealpattern.

Nutritioninoldage– Foodand nutrient requirements, physical,physiological,biologicalandpsychologicalchangesinfluencingmealpattern.

Reference

1. Wardlaw G.M, Hampi J.S, DiSilvestro R.A, Perspectives in Nutrition,6thedition,McGrawHill,2004.
2. ChadhaRandMathurP,Nutrition:ALifecycleApproach.OrientBlackswan NewDelhi,2015.
3. SethVandSinghK,DietPlanningthroughtheLifeCycle:Part1Normal Nutrition. A Practical Manual. Elite Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.NewDelhi,2006.
4. Robinson,Normalandtherapeuticnutrition.:MacmillanPub.CorporationNewYork,2006.
5. Sumati R. Mudambi,M.V. Rajagopal., Fundamental of food, nutritionanddietherapy.Newageinternationalpublishers, NewDelhi,2015.
6. SrilakshmiB.,Dietetics,Newageinternationalpublishers,NewDelhi,2014

SEMESTERV	
Core/MajorCourseVI	AdvancedDietetics
PaperCode:	Theory:5hrs/week

CourseLearningOutcomes:

1. Integrate knowledge of research principles and methods associated with nutrition and dietetics practice.
2. Use effective and appropriate communication skills in providing information, advice and professional opinion to individuals, groups and communities.
3. Collect, organize and assess data relating to the health and nutritional status of individuals, groups and populations.
4. Demonstrate initiative and judgment using a professional, ethical and entrepreneurial approach advocating for excellence in nutrition and dietetics.
5. Independently plan and execute a research project in regard to nutrition and dietetics practice.

CourseContent

Unit-I

Concepts in Diet Therapy - Growth and Scope of Dietetics, Purposes and Principles of Therapeutic Diets, Modifications of Normal Diets, Classification of the Therapeutic Diets.

Unit-II

Diet Therapy in Obesity, Underweight and Diabetes Mellitus Etiology, Pathophysiology, Clinical symptoms, metabolic alterations, Assessment/Indicators, Lifestyle & Dietary guidelines for the following conditions-

Obesity (Bariatric Surgery: types, Management), Underweight, Diabetes Mellitus (Acute and Chronic Complications of Diabetes), Diet Modifications, Use of Food Exchange Lists, Insulin-

Types and Use, Oral Hypoglycemic Agents, Carbohydrate counting, Glycemic Index, Glycemic Load).

Unit-III

DietTherapyinGastrointestinalDisordersandDiseasesoftheliverEtiology,Pathophysiology,ClinicalSymptoms,Assessment/Indicators,Lifestyle&Dietaryguidelinesforthefollowingconditions-

Diarrhea,Dysentery,Constipation,PepticUlcer,Jaundice,Hepatitis,FattyLiver,Cirrhosis.

UnitIV

DietTherapyinDiseasesoftheCardioVascularSystemandKidneyDiseases Etiology, Pathophysiology, Clinical Symptoms, Lifestyle & Dietaryguidelinesforthefollowingconditions-

Atherosclerosis,Hyperlipidemia,Hypertension,NephroticSyndrome,Nephrolithiasis,Acuteand ChronicRenalFailure,DialysisandKidneyStones.

Unit-V

DietTherapyforFever-Acuteandchronicinfectiousdisease-Typhoid,TuberculosisAndHIVandAIDSA.Guidelinesformanagementoftuberculosisandinfectiousdiseases.Cancer-Etiology,Metabolicalterations, Types of Cancer, Dietary Recommendation for Cancer Survivors.NutritionaltherapyforCancer.

Reference

1. Srilakshmi,B.Dietetics,NewAgeInternationalP.Ltd.,NewDelhi,2018.
2. Dietary Guidelines of Indians – A Manual, National Institute ofNutrition,Hyderabad,2015
3. Garg,M.Diet,NutritionandHealth,ABDPublishers,2006. • Krause,M. V.andMahan,L.K.Food,NutritionandDietTherapy,9thEd.,W.B.Sau ndersCompany,Philadelphia,2019.
4. MaimunNisha, DietPlanning for Diseases, KalpazPublishers,2016. • DietaryGuidelinesofIndians– AManual,NationalInstituteofNutrition,Hyderabad,2011.
5. Brown, J (2014).Nutrition now (7thed). Wadsworth, USA, ISBN-13:978-1-133-93653-4,ISBN10:1-133-93653-9 • NelmsM,Sucher K (2015). Nutrition Therapy and Pathophysiology. (3rdedition)CengageLearning,USA.ISBN-13:978-1305111967,ISBN-10:130511196

SEMESTERV	
Core/MajorPracticalV	NutritioninLifeCycle
PaperCode:	Theory:3hrs/week

CourseLearningOutcomes:

1.Nutritioninlife cyclefocuses on food management throughproperplanning, preparation, monitoring, implementation and supervisionofdifferentagegroupsandtodevelopbasiccounselingskillssasdietitian.

CourseContent

1. Display raw and cooked food materials according to exchangelistsgivenbelow.Recordtheirnutritivevalue.Milkexchangelist, Meatexchange list, Pulse exchange list, Cereal exchange list, Vegetable-Aexchange list, Vegetable-B exchange list, Fruit exchange list and Fatexchangelist.
2. Prepare and display one serving of common cooked foods given below.Record theirweight and nutritive value. Cereal preparations, pulsepreparations,vegetablepreparations,friedsnacks,nonvegetarianpr eparations,bakeryproducts,chutneysandsweets.
3. Planning, preparing and serving a meal for low income family,middleincomefamilyandhighincomefamily.
4. Planning, preparing and serving a meal for a pregnant woman in firstsecondandthirdtrimesters.
5. Planning, preparing and serving a meal for a lactating woman (0- 6monthsand6-12months).
6. (a). Planning, preparing and serving a meal for an infant.(b).Planningandpreparinganindigenousweaningmi xes.
7. Planning,preparingandservingamealforapreschooler.
8. Planning,preparingandservingamealforaschoolgoingchild(aboya ndagirl).
9. (a).Planning,preparingandservingamealforanadolescent.

(b).Planningandpreparationofanyfivepackedlunches.

10. Planning,preparingandservingamealforanadult(sedentary, moderateand heavyworker).
11. Planning,preparingandservingamealforanoldageperson.

Reference

1. Srilakshmi,B.Dietetics,NewAgeInternationalP.Ltd.,NewDelhi ,2018.
2. DietaryGuidelinesofIndians–
AManual,NationalInstituteofNutrition,Hyderabad,2015.
3. DietaryGuidelinesofIndians–
AManual,NationalInstituteofNutrition,Hyderabad,2011

SEMESTER V	
Elective Course I	Public Health Nutrition
Paper Code:	Theory: 4 hrs/week

Course Learning Outcomes:

1. Finally, the concepts and knowledge required for the delivery of community nutrition services will be applied to program planning, intervention and programme evaluation.
2. Gaining knowledge on nutritional programmes and policies over concerning malnutrition.
3. Understanding the national, international and voluntary nutritional organizations to combat malnutrition.
4. Able to organize community nutrition education programmes with the application of computers.
5. Apply immunological intervention programmes to overcome epidemic of communicable diseases.

Course Content

Unit-I

Introduction to public health nutrition a National development-Meaning and Scope of Public Health Nutrition, Roles and responsibilities of public health nutritionists, Definitions of optimum health, malnutrition (undernutrition, overweight, obesity, micronutrient deficiency), nutritional status, nutrition intervention, food and nutrient supplements, nutrition education, morbidity, mortality rates.

Malnutrition-

Ecology Consequences and of Malnutrition, Strategies To Overcome Malnutrition . Relation of nutrition to national development, Nutrition and food security.

Unit-II

Nutritional assessment Introduction, Definition of Nutritional Status, Instruments, Standard of Reference, Age Assessment, Measurement Techniques, Weight, Linear Measurement / Height, Circumferences, Soft Tissue Subcutaneous Fat, Objective and Classification of nutritional assessment Methods Overview of nutritional status assessment methods: Direct Nutritional Assessment parameters - Anthropometry, clinical signs and symptoms, dietary assessment and biochemical parameters.

Indirect Nutritional Assessment parameters-

- a) Vital Statistics: Age Specific Mortality Rate, Morbidity and Cause of Specific Mortality,
- b) Ecological variables including crop production and
- c) Economic factors i.e. per capita income, population density & social habits

Unit-III

Social & behavior change communication Concepts, components and process of communication for nutrition health promotion • Definitions of Formal–non-formal communication, Participatory communication • Components of BCC (Sender, Message, Channel, Receiver) • Various types of communication – interpersonal, mass media, visual, verbal/ non-verbal. • need of SBCC in India. • Training workers in nutrition education programmes • Method of education when to teach, whom to teach.

Unit-IV

National, international and voluntary organizations to combat malnutrition Role of Nutrition in Achieving Global Targets • Optimal Infant and Young Child Feeding: Significance of the first 1000 days of life • Improving maternal, infant and young child nutrition- WHO Global Targets 2025 • Nutrition Intervention programmes in India - ICDS, Mid-Day Meal (MDM) program. Fortification program National Programs to Combat Micronutrient Malnutrition: NIPI, VAPP and NIDDCP.

National and international agencies in combating malnutrition: International- WHO, FAO, UNICEF-Aim and functions. National- ICAR, ICMR, NIN, NFI, FNB, CFTRI, NNMB, NSI, DFRL-Aim and functions.

Unit-V

Epidemiology of communicable diseases • Definition, causes, signs and symptoms, treatment and prevention of communicable diseases,
 Respiratory infections and intestinal infections, • Other infections - dengue, Flu • Types of immunity - active, passive and herd-group protection • Immunization agents - vaccines, immunoglobulin • Immunization schedules - National and WHO Expanded Programme on Immunization Universal Passive, Combined, Chemoprophylaxis, non-specific measures.

Reference

1. Park A.(2007), Park's Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine XIX Edition M/S Banarasidas, Bharat Publishers, 1167, Prem Nagar, Jabalpur, 428001 (India)
2. Bamji M.S, Prahlad Rao N, Reddy V (2004). Textbook of Human Nutrition II Edition, Oxford and PBB Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi
3. Bhatt D.P (2008), Health Education, Khel Sahitya Kendra, New Delhi • Gibney MJ, Margetts BM, Kearney JM, Arab L (2004) Public Health Nutrition Blackwell Publishing Co. UK
4. Swaminathan M (2007), Essentials of Food and Nutrition. An Advanced Textbook Vol. I, The Bangalore Printing and Publishing Co. Ltd, Bangalore
5. UNICEF. <https://www.unicef.org/>
6. WHO. <http://www.who.int/>
7. National Guidelines on Infant and Young Child Feeding. wcd.nic.in
8. WHO Non-communicable diseases and risk factors. <http://www.who.int/ncds/en/>
9. National Nutrition Mission – ICDS. icds-wcd.nic.in • Ministry of Health & Family Welfare, www.mohfw.nic.in
10. Field guide to designing communication strategy, WHO publication- 2007
11. Communication for Development (C4D) Capability Development Framework, UNICEF and 3D Change, 2009

SEMESTER V	
Elective Course II	Basic in Research Methodology
Paper Code:	Theory: 4 hrs/week

Course Learning Outcomes:

1. Basic knowledge on the role and importance of research in science.
2. Critically analyse research methodologies identified in existing literature.
3. Understanding the complex issues inherent in selecting a research problem, selecting an appropriate research design, and implementing a research project.
4. Develop a research proposal or industry project plan.
5. Search for, select and critically analyse research articles and paper

Course Content

Unit I

Research - Meaning, Definition, Characteristics, Objectives, Motivation Importance and types. Research Methods and Research Methodology, Criteria of a good research.

Unit II

Literature review - Definition, Purpose and Importance.

Research Design - Definition, Essential Element, Characteristics and Types.

Unit III

Sample Design -

Definition and Types. Data Collection -

Unit IV

Processing of Data - Editing, Coding, Classification and Tabulation.

Analysis of Data (Theory) - A) Measures of central tendency - Mode, Median and Mean. B) Measures of dispersion - Range, Mean Deviation and Standard Deviation.

UnitV

Layout of the Research Report - Preliminary Page, Main Text and End Matter.

Types of Reports -

Technical and Popular Oral Presentation -

Structure of Presentation.

Sample Research Proposal in Science -

Introduction, Problem Statement, Objectives, Preliminary Literature Review, Methodology and Reference.

Reference

1. Kothari, C.R., (2004), Research Methodology, Methods and Techniques, Second Revised Edition, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi.
2. Ranjit Kumar, (2011), Research Methodology: a step-by-step Guide for Beginners, Third Edition, SAGE Publications, New Delhi.
3. Beverley Moriarty, (2018), Research Skills for Teachers – From Research Question to Research Design, Allen & Unwin Publishers, Australia.
4. Rajendra Kumar, C. (2008), Research Methodology, APH Publishing Corporation, New Delhi.
5. Pagadala Suganda Devi (2017), Research Methodology: A Handbook for Beginners, Notion Press, Chennai.
6. Vijayalakshmi Ponnuraj and Sivaprakasam, C. (2008), Research Methods: Tips and Techniques, MJPP Publishers.

SEMESTER V	
SBECIII	Bakery Science
PaperCode:	Theory:3hrs/week

Course Learning Outcomes:

1. Resize recipes to meet production needs and equipment capacities.
2. Scale, mix, mold, proof and bake yeast raised goods.
3. Prepare cookies using various common dividing and panning techniques.
4. Prepare product finishes such as washes, glazes, icings and fillings.
5. To develop skills for setting up a bakery unit. And to enhance entrepreneurial skills in bakery and confectionery.

Course Content

Unit-I

Baking: Meaning, process and scientific principles involved. Basic plan and layout of a bakery unit.

Equipments used in bakery: Large equipments, small equipments and tools; types of ovens.

Ingredients used in bakery: Functional classification of ingredients - structure builders, tenderizers, moisteners, driers and flavors.

Unit-II

Flour: Composition, types and quality characteristics.

Sugar: Sources, uses and types of commercially available sugars.

Fats: Fats used as shortenings -

Butter, margarine emulsified fats and flavored oils; properties and uses of shortenings.

Unit-III

Leavening agents: Definition and classification - physical; chemical; baking powder and its types, baking soda; biological - yeast - types and role in baking.

Moisturizing agents: Egg, water and milk - their role in baking.

Unit-IV

Bread: Ingredients used, steps in breadmaking process, processing methods, characteristics of good bread (external and internal), faults in shape, texture, crust and flavor of bread.

Cakes: Ingredients, types, cake making methods, test for doneness, characteristics of good cake (external and internal), cake faults and remedies.

Icing: Meaning, types, ingredients used and preparation guidelines.

Unit-V

Cookies: Characteristics, preparation methods and problems in cookie making.

Biscuits: Steps involved in biscuit making. Pastries
: Types and method of preparation.

Reference

1. Neelam Khetarpaul, Raj Bala Grewal and Sudesh Jood, *Bakery science and cereal technology*, Daya publishing house, 2013.
2. John Kingslee, *A professional text to Bakery and Confectionary*, New Age International (P) Limited, 2014.
3. NIIR Board of consultants and engineers, *The complete technology book on bakery products*, second edition, National Institute of Industrial Research, Delhi, 2009.
4. Manay Shakunthala, Nand Shadaksharawamy M. *Food Facts and Principles*, New Age International (P) Ltd Publishers, Reprint 2005.
5. Vijaya Khader, *Text book of Food Science and Technology*, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi, 2001

SEMESTER V	
SBECIVPractical I	Food Preservation and Bakery
Paper Code:	Theory: 3 hrs/week

Course Learning Outcomes:

1. Apply major food preservation techniques and explain underlying principles.
2. Design common bakery and confectionery recipes.

Course Content

1. Preparation of Jam, Jelly and Marmalade.
2. Preparation of Fruit juices and Squashes.
3. Preparation of Pickles.
4. Preparation of Fruit preserves –
Tuity fruity with papaya, petha with white pumpkin and murabha with ginger.
5. Preparation of vathal and vadagam.
6. Preparation of bread, bun, cakes, biscuits, cookies, pastry and icing.
7. Preparation of sandwiches and desserts.

SEMESTER V & VI	
Core/Major Course VII	Institutional Training
Paper Code:	Theory: 3 hrs/week

Course Learning Outcomes:

1. Explore career alternatives prior to graduation.
2. Integrate theory and practice.
3. Develop work habits and attitudes necessary for job success.
4. Develop communication, interpersonal and other critical skills in the job interview process.
5. Build a record of work experience.

Course Content

It is compulsory for all the students to complete the 2 given institutional training programs in a reputed institution for a period of 15 days each. At the end of the final year, each student has to submit a report of the training and undergo a vivavoce examination. Marking system is as follows:

Component	Marks
Internal Evaluation (Report writing parts and viva)**	40
External Evaluation (Two Questions (20 marks***), Training Reports (20 marks) and vivavoce (20 marks))	60
Total	100

** Internal marks will be awarded by the faculty of the department.

*** External Examiner will set the questions

Aspects to be covered in the institutional training programs

(A) Dietary internship training

1. Assessing the nutritional status and dietary history of patients.
2. Planning dietsheets, preparing and providing guidance in the production of therapeutic diet.

3. Supervising the preparation of diets.
4. Supervising the delivery of trays to the patient.
5. Getting feedback from patients regarding diets.
6. Understanding the layout of hospital dietary unit.
7. Acquiring practical knowledge in diet counseling.
8. Undertaking 2 case studies at hospital situation.

(B) Food processing training

1. Studying the type of processing techniques used by the industry.
2. Gaining knowledge on equipments used in processing.
3. Understanding the packaging process.
4. Obtaining experience in quality control operations.
5. Studying the waste disposal methods.
6. Market survey for the demand for the product in the market.

SEMESTER VI	
Core/Major Course VIII	Food Microbiology
Paper Code:	Theory: 6 hrs/week

Course Learning Outcomes:

1. Explain the interactions between microorganisms and the food environment, and factors influencing their growth and survival.
2. Explain the significance and activities of microorganisms in food.
3. Describe the characteristics of food borne, waterborne and spoilage microorganisms, and methods for their isolation, detection and identification.
4. Understand the role of microorganisms in environment.
5. Apply preservation techniques to avoid food spoilage.

Course Content

Unit-I

Microorganisms important in food microbiology – Mold, Fungi, Algae, Bacteria and Virus – general characteristics. Contamination of foods – green plants and fruits, animals, sewage, soil, water, air during handling and processing. Spoilage –

cause, classification, factors affecting kinds and numbers of microorganisms in food.

Unit-II

Spoilage of different groups of foods – cereal and cereal products, vegetables and fruits, meats and meat products, fish and other sea foods, eggs, poultry, milk and milk products and canned foods.

Unit III

Food preservation – Methods and principles of food preservation, delay of microbial decomposition, prevention of microbial decomposition, removal of microorganisms.

Preservation by use of high temperatures – Factors affecting heat resistance of microorganisms, commercial heat preservation methods – sterilization, canning, pasteurization, blanching.

Preservation by use of low temperatures – Growth of microorganisms at low temperatures, low temperatures storage – cellar, chilling and frozen.

UnitIV

Preservation by drying-

Methods of drying, factors in control of drying, treatments of foods before and after drying.

Preservation by chemicals,

Preservation by Irradiation – Microwave radiation, Ultraviolet radiation and ionizing radiation.

UnitV

Foodborne Illness–

Food hazards, significance of food borne disease, incidence of food borne illness, risk factors associated with food borne illness.

Bacterial agents of food borne illness – Clostridium botulinum, Escherichia coli, Salmonella, Shigella and Staphylococcus- The organism, pathogenesis and clinical features and association with foods.

Reference

1. Adams M.R., Moss M.O., Food Microbiology, New age international publishers, New Delhi, 2015.
2. William C Frazier., Dennis C Westhoff., Food Microbiology, McGraw Hill Education private limited, New Delhi, 2014.
3. Sivasankar., Food Processing and Preservation, PHI Learning private limited, New Delhi, 2015.
4. Branen A.L. and Davidson, P.M.. Antimicrobials in Foods. Marcel Dekker, New Delhi, 1983.
5. Jay J.M., Modern Food Microbiology. 3rd Edn. VNR, New York. 1980 9th Edition, Prism Books Pvt. Ltd., 1986

SEMESTER VI	
Core/Major Course IX	Quantity Food Service Physical Facilities
Paper Code:	Theory: 6 hrs/week

Course Learning Outcomes:

1. Manage the human resources within a food services organization or department.
2. Communicate appropriately with clients, staff and management.
3. Apply food service technology and operate industry equipment.
4. Develop nutritional menus for food service production.
5. Design and run a quantity food service establishment.

Course Content

Unit-I

Quantity food service: Meaning and evolution. Classification of food service in institutions according to a) Function: Profit oriented, service oriented and public health facility oriented b) Processing method: Conventional system, commissary system and fast food service systems. c) Service of food: Self-service, tray service and waiter-waitress service.

Unit-II

Space organization: Kitchen- Size and type; developing kitchen plan; work simplification- work area, worker's area of reach, work space, equipment materials and supplies and movement at work; features to be considered in designing kitchen; kitchen layout.

Storage space: Location, planning, lay out, safety and security. Service area: Location, planning, dimensions and decor.

Equipments: Classification, selection, design, installation, operation, care and maintenance of commonly used equipments.

Unit-III

Food purchasing: Food buyer - Knowledge, quality and functions of a food buyer; methods of buying food.

Receiving and storage of food: Delivery methods, delivery procedure; Receiving; Storage- organization of storages, general procedure for storage; Storekeeping- store records, order form and goods received book.

Unit-IV

Menu planning: Menu-

Definition, functions, need for and factors to be considered in menu planning, procedure for writing menu, types and construction of menu, menu display.

Standardization of recipe: Definition, methods of standardization, standard recipe format and uses.

Standard portion sizes: Definition, portioning equipments and portion control.

Unit-V

Food production: Meaning, types of food production system, process of food production (briefly), large quantity cooking techniques, use of leftover food and holding techniques.

Food service: Meaning, styles - waiter service, self-service and vending.

Reference

1. Mohini Sethi and Surjeet Malhan, Catering management- An integrated approach, Third edition, New Age International publisher s. 2015.
2. Mohini Sethi, Institutional food management, Second edition, New Age International publishers. 2016.
3. Kinton, Rand Ceserani, V., The Theory of Catering ELBS, VII Edition, 1992.
4. Lillicap, D.R and Cousins, J.A. Food and Beverage Service, ELBS, IV Edition, 1994.

SEMESTER VI	
Core Practical VI	Dietetics
Paper Code:	Theory: 3 hrs/week

Course Learning Outcomes:

1. Understanding of the conditions where nutrition plays a significant role in disease management.
2. Develop the knowledge to provide nutrition and dietetic care for individuals, groups and populations who have or already are at risk of developing long-term health conditions.

Course Content

1. Preparation of any 5 recipes for the following therapeutic hospital diets - clear liquid, full liquid, semi solid, bland, soft and regular diets.
2. Planning and preparation of diets for the following conditions using SOAP format for nutritional management. [Students have to analyze the given case history, prepare SOAP note, plan a day's menu and calculate the nutritional requirements. Record must include Food plan (total exchanges/day), meal pattern and menu (distribution of exchange into meals and snacks)].
 - a. Obesity and underweight
 - b. Gastrointestinal disorders – Peptic ulcer, diarrhoea and constipation
 - c. Febrile condition – typhoid and TB
 - d. Diseases of liver and gallbladder – Hepatitis and cirrhosis.
 - e. Diabetes mellitus
 - f. Diseases of cardiovascular system – Atherosclerosis and Hypertension
 - g. Diseases of kidney and urinary tract –
Nephrolithiasis, Nephrotic syndrome and kidney stones
 - i. Cancer and AIDS.

Reference V. Vimala, Advances in diet therapy- Practical manual, New Age International Publishers, 2010.

SEMESTER VI	
Elective Course III	Nutrition for Sports and Fitness
Paper Code:	Theory: 4 hrs/week

Course Learning Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of the course students shall be able to:

1. Explain the principles of physical fitness and nutrition (such as body composition, energy intake, energy expenditure, and the acute and chronic physical changes related to exercise and nutrition) complement each other in helping to develop physiological well-being and overall health.
2. Explain the principles of fitness and nutrition (such as setting realistic short-term behavior change goals and the relationship of exercise and diet to stress reduction) complement each other in helping to develop psychological well-being and overall health.
3. Identify some of the social and cultural influences on food habits and exercise/activity patterns.
4. Evaluate current nutritional information with regard to its contribution to Health and physical fitness.
5. Apply the knowledge acquired for planning diet for athletes.

Course Content

Unit-I

Physical fitness: Definition; benefits of physical activity; Physiology and biochemistry of exercise: Muscle contraction; weight and body composition of athletes; adaptation of muscle and body physiology to exercise; effects of excessive physical exercise on cardiovascular and pulmonary system.

Unit-II

Energysourcesformuscleuse-ATP,phosphocreatine,glucose,fatandprotein; anaerobic metabolism for high intensity bursts and power; aerobic metabolismforendurance.Nutritionalassessmentandcounselingforathletes.

Unit-III

Nutritionalrequirement:Effectofdifferentialintakesofmacronutrients(carbohydrates,proteinand fat) on the athletic endeavor; hydrationstrategiestooptimizephysicalactivitycapacity;importanceoftimingthenutrientandfluidintaketomatchtissuirequirements.

Unit-IV

Nutritional needs and plans for sports requiring power and speed before,during and after exercise; Nutritional needs and plans for sports requiringendurancebefore,duringandafterexercise;Nutritionplanforsportrequiringcombinedpowerandendurance.

Unit-V

Nutrition needs of male, female, younger and older athletes. Ergogenic aids:Effect of ergogenic aids and other substances on physical activity; sportsdrinks for endurance activities; nutrition supplements available for athletes.**Reference**

1. Gordan.M.Wardlaw,PerspectivesinNutrition,fourthedition,Mc.Graw Hillcompanies.1999.
2. Antia.F.P.andPhilipAbraham,ClinicaldieteticsandNutrition,fourthediton,OxfordUniversityPress.2002.
3. Srilakshmi.B.,Dietetics,seventhdition,Newageinternational(P)Limited .2014.
4. L.KathleenMahan,SylviaEscott-stump,Krause'sFood,NutritionandDiettherapy,ninthedition,W.B.Saunderscompany.,1996.
5. DonBenordot,Advancedsportsnutrition,secondedition,HumanKinetcs,2012.

SEMESTER VI	
SBECV	Diet Counselling
Paper Code:	Theory: 4 hrs/week

Course Learning Outcomes:

1. Understanding the diet counseling skills and acquaint them with basic principle.
2. Determine and translate nutrient needs into menus for individuals and groups across the lifespan, in diverse cultures and religions.
3. Students will be able to interpret and apply nutrition concepts to evaluate and improve the nutritional health of individuals with medical conditions.
4. Produce oral and written communications for a group education session.
5. Interview individuals for dietary histories and counsel individuals.

Course Content

Unit I

Dietitian – Classification, code of ethics, responsibilities. Computer application - Use of computers by dietitian, dietary computations, dietetic management, education/training, information storage and administrations. Teaching aids used by dietitians -charts, leaflets, posters etc., preparation of teaching material for patients.

Unit II

Diet Counselling - meaning, significance, process, types.

Goals of counselling, individuals, group and family counseling. Basic sequence in counselling.

Communication process in counselling and linguistics in clinical dietary practices, problems in communication.

Unit III

Techniques of obtaining relevant information- Retrospective information, Dietary Diagnosis, Assessing food and nutrient intakes, Lifestyles, Physical

activity, Stress, Nutritional Status. Correlating Relevant Information and identifying areas of need.

The Care Process-

Setting goals and objectives short term and long term, Counselling and Patient Education, Dietary Prescription.

Motivation - Hospitalized patients and Outpatients.

Unit IV

Counselling Skills Approaches to counselling – Psycho analytic approach, Behaviouristic, Humanistic approach Pre – Helping phase: Rapport building skills, Attending and listening skills. Stage I skills: Empathy, respect, Genuineness and concreteness. Stage II skills: Advanced empathy, self disclosure, immediacy and confrontation. Stage III skills: Goal setting, Action plan Programme and Brainstorming.

Unit V

Teaching aids used by dietitians- charts, leaflets, posters etc., preparation of teaching material for patient suffering from Digestive disorders, Hypertension, Diabetes, Atherosclerosis & Hepatitis and cirrhosis.

Reference

1. Gibson, R.L., Mitchell, M.H. (2005). *Introduction to counselling and guidance* (6th Ed.) •
2. Gelso, C.J., Fretz, B.R. (1995). *Counselling Psychology*, Bangalore, Prism Books Pvt Ltd.
3. Sharma, T.C. (2002). *Modern Methods of Guidance and Counseling*, New Delhi, sarup & sons
4. Mahan LK and Escott Stump S (2013). *Krause's Food & Nutrition Therapy*, 13th ed. Saunders-Elsevier.
5. Stacy Nix (2009). *William's Basic Nutrition and Diet Therapy*, 13th Edition. Elsevier Mosby
6. Thomas Briony; (1995). *Blackwell Manual of Dietetic Practise*. (2nd Ed.) Oxford: New York, 1995.

SEMESTERVI	
SBECVI	EntrepreneurshipDevelopment
PaperCode:	Theory:4hrs/week

CourseLearningOutcomes:

1. Understand the concept of entrepreneurship.
2. Identify ways to approach supportive Institutions and Banks for starting an enterprise.
3. Analyze the steps in product selection and form of ownership.
4. Focus on the formation of project proposals and practice effective accounting processes.
5. Understand the requirements to become an entrepreneur.

CourseContent

Unit-I

Entrepreneur: Definition, qualities and essential skills of an entrepreneur, communication and presentation skill; innovativeness; idea generation and SWOT analysis. Steps to start a small enterprise, learning journey of a successful entrepreneur.

Unit-II

Business plan for small enterprises: Importance of business plan, purpose, contents and benefit of business plan; business plan creation process, benefits of business plan, preparation of sample business plan. Business ethics and etiquettes.

Unit-III

Market survey: Meaning, process of conducting market survey, points to be considered for effective market research; steps to register a company; regulatory requirements.

Unit-IV

Management process and policies: Importance of policy creation, corporate governance, management process, management functions- production and operation management, marketing management, financial management and human resource management.

Pricing policy and methods of pricing.

Unit-V

Marketing management-

Concept of marketing, market assessment, market regulation, market targeting, marketing mix, promotional strategies and tips for successful marketing.

Financial needs: Types of financial needs- fixed and working capital; methods of raising capital, working capital management, working capital cycle.

Reference

1. Entrepreneurship development- Your gateway to the journey of entrepreneurship, ICT Academy of Tamil Nadu, Chennai, 2015.
2. S.S. Khanka, Entrepreneurial development, S.Chand Publications, 2007.
3. Vasant Desai, Entrepreneurial development, Vol-1, Himalaya Publishing House, 2009.

SEMESTER III	
AlliedCourseII	GeneralHomeScienceI
PaperCode:	Theory:4hrs/week

CourseLearningOutcomes:

1. Develop an understanding of concepts and basics of textiles.
2. Understands and defines the key textile terms.
3. Understand basic principles of clothing construction.
4. Concept, definition, universality and scope of family resource management.
5. Practicing knowledge gained on selection of site and building principles in real life situations.

CourseContent

Unit I

Textile – Definition, Terminology and Classification of textile fibers. Basic unit and Polymer bonds in textile fiber, Physical and Chemical Properties of fibers.

Processing of Manufacture of all Natural and Man-Made Fibers – Plant, Protein, Man-Made, Cellulosic, Synthetic, Metallic, Mineral and Elastomeric Fibers.

Unit II

Clothing : Origin of Clothing , Principles of Clothing, Clothing Construction – Drafting flat pattern and Dapping.

Textile Designing, Fashion Designing –

Influence Factors, Fashion Cycle, Broken fashion cycles, Fashion adoption theories and Business and Merchandizing.

Unit III

Home Management : Definition, Characteristic of Management , Importance of Home Management, Motivation Factors of Management (Values, Goals, Standards), Home Management Process

UnitIV

Family Resource Management: Types and Characteristics of Family Resource.

Family Decision Making – Definition and Types of Decision Making.

Housing – Definition, Importance and Functions of a House , Principles of Planning, Space Allocation and Organization in Independent Houses, Apartments and Flats.

Symbols used in Drafting Plans, Reading Plans and Blueprint.

UnitV

Interior Design: Definition, Principles and

Classification. Household Equipments

Colors–

Definition, Classification, Factors Influencing Choice of Colors Furniture and Lighting – Definition and Types.

Reference

1. Sunita Mishra (2018), Selective and Scientific Books, New Delhi.
2. Bhargava, B. (2001). Family Resource Management and Interior Decoration, Delhi: University Book House. Bhargava, B. (2001).
3. Housing and Space Management, Jaipur: University Book House Ltd.
4. Seetharaman, P., Batra, S., & Mehra, P. (2005). An Introduction to Family Resource Management. New Delhi: CBS Publishers & Distributors (ISBN 13: 9788123911861)
5. Shukul, M., and Gandotra, V. (2006). Home Management and Family Finance. New Delhi: Dominant Publishers and Distributors. (ISBN No. 81-7888-403-8).

SEMESTER III & IV	
Allied Practical III	General Home Science
Paper Code:	Theory: 3 hrs/week

Course Content

1. To prepare first aid kit.
2. Preparation budget for low, middle and high income group family
3. Learning to fill different bank forms -
Fill form to withdraw and deposit money, Open account in bank, Recurring deposit.
4. Drawing house plans for low, middle and high income groups.
5. Drawing kitchen layout for different families with plumbing and wiring.
6. Preparation of an album on development milestones of children.
7. Market study on - Cost of different types of furnitures
8. Designing greeting cards for different occasions (any five occasions).
9. Table setting - Fruit and vegetable carving.
10. To identify various types of fibres using -
burning test and visual inspection.
11. Basic stitches.
12. Use of waste material for making decorative and utility materials. 13. Paper cutting for decorating a house for special occasions.
14. Prepare one poster / chart on environmental / personal hygiene and sanitation.
15. Preparation and evaluation of label -
Evaluation of label on different type of food products, Prepare label.
16. Methods of stain removal.
17. Methods of soap and detergent preparation.
18. Kitchen gardens - use the waste container (any four greens). 19. To prepare simple dishes using different germination methods
(any five food).

SEMESTERIV	
AlliedCourseII	GeneralHomeScienceII
PaperCode:	Theory:4hrs/week

CourseLearningOutcomes:

1. Providesituations to understandsignificance offamilyincome andexpenditureandsavingforfuture.
2. Know the importance of early childhood years and significance ofinterventionprogramsforearlychildhooddevelopment.
3. Learnaboutwomen'shumanrightsandlawsrelatedtowomeninIndia.
4. Gain knowledge on consumer protection Laws and Acts and reflectuponpersonalrightsandresponsibilities
5. Learnabouttheconceptofextension,extensionapproachesandmode ls

CourseContent

UnitI

Family: Meaning and Characteristics of Family, Types of Family, Family LifeCycle , Family Wants, Family Income , Family Expenditure and House HoldAccounts , Family Budgets , Economics , Consumer Protection – Definition ,Importance,Law,ConsumerEducationandAdvertisement.

UnitII

ChildDevelopment:PrinciplesofDevelopment,StagesofGrowthandDevelopment. Life Span Development – Psychodynamic Theory – Psycho – Analytic Theoryof Freud – Erick Ericksons, Psycho – Social Theory , Learning Theory , SocialLearningTheory,CognitiveDevelopmentalTheory,Kohlberg'sMoralReas oningTheory,Information:ProcessingTheory.BronfenBrennersTheory,Life-SpanandLife-CycleTheory.

UnitIII

Early Childhood Care and Education : Emerging Trends – Trends , IssuesandConcern,DevelopmentProblems,MentalSubnormality– MentalRetardation–LearningDisabilities,BehaviorDifficulties– SpeechandLanguage Disorders – Hearing Impairment – Visual Impairment – PhysicalHandicap–Giftedness,GuidanceandCounseling.

UnitIV

Child and Human Development : Early Childhood Care and Development – PrinciplesofDevelopment,TypesofChangeinDevelopment.

Socialization in various Family Contexts Across Different Cultures – Processin Socialization, Social and Non- Social People , Difficulties in Conforming

toSocialExpectations,FoundationsofSocialBehaviorlaidbyBabyhood,Behavior patternsinsocialsituationsduringearlychildhood.

Womenstudies-

Women'sEquality,ViolenceagainstWomen,WomenHealth,WomenEmpowerment,WomenandHumanRights.

UnitV

ExtensionEducation:NonFormalEducationandExtensionEducation,History and Development of Home Science Extension, Concepts of ExtensionEducation,PhilosophyofExtensionEducation,PrinciplesofExtension Education, Difference between Formal and Extension Education, ExtensionEducation:ADevelopeddiscipline.

CurriculumPlanningandDevelopment:Objectivesofnonformaleducation ,PlanningnonformaleducationProgramme,ManagementandAdministration of formal/non formal and extension education, Monitoring ,Supervisionandevaluationformal,nonformalandextensioneducation,Major typesoftest,Qualitiesofagoodtest.

Reference

1. Bhargava,B.(2005).FamilyResourceManagementandInteriorDe coration,Jaipur:ApplePrinterandV.R.Printers.

2. Deacon,R.F.,andFirebaugh,F.M.(1975).HomeManagement:Content and Concepts.Boston:HoughtonMifflinCompany.
3. Nisha,M.(2006).Understanding Extension Education.New Delhi:Kalyani Publications.
4. Reddy,A.A.(2001).Extension Education.Bapatla:Sri Lakshmi Press.
5. Singh,U.K and Nayak,A.K.(2007).Extension Education.New Delhi:Common Wealth Publishers.
6. Sunita Mishra(2018), Selective and Scientific Books, New Delhi.

SEMESTER III (other major)	
NMECI	Basic Food Science
Paper Code:	Theory: 2 hrs/week

Course Learning Outcomes

The students will be able to

1. Know the composition of various foods.
2. Understand the effects of cooking on nutritive value.

UNIT-I

Introduction to Food Science- Functions of food; food guide based on basic five food groups, cooking—objectives and methods.

UNIT-II

Cereals-

Composition and nutritive value of rice and wheat. Best method of cooking, loss of nutrients during cooking; Advantages of parboiling.

UNIT-III

Pulses-

Composition, nutritive value, best method of cooking, loss of nutrients during cooking, germination and its advantages.

UNIT-IV

Vegetables-

Classification, nutritive value, loss of nutrients during cooking and methods of reducing nutrient loss during cooking.

UNIT-V

Fruits- Classification, nutritive value and changes during ripening.

Fleshy foods- Meat, fish, egg and milk: Nutritive value.

Reference

1. Sumathi R. Mudambi, Shalini M. Rao, M.V. Rajagopal Food Science, revised second edition, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers New Delhi, reprint. 2006.
2. N. Swaminathan, Food Science and Experimental foods, The Bangalore printing and publishing Co. Ltd. Bangalore, 1992.
3. B. Srilakshmi, Food Science, New Age international (P) Ltd, New Delhi, Reprint 2006.
4. N. Shakuntala Manay, M. Shadaksharawamy, Foods—Facts and Principles. 2nd Edition. New Age International (P) Ltd, New Delhi, Reprint 2005.

SEMESTERIV(other major)	
NMECII	BasicNutrition
PaperCode:	Theory:2hrs/week

CourseLearningOutcomes

The students will be able to

1. Understand the principles of nutrition
2. Learn about the nutrients and deficiency

UNIT-I

Carbohydrate - Classification, functions, blood sugar regulation and sources. Importance and sources of fiber.

Energy: Definition, Units for measuring energy, Energy value of foods and RDA.

UNIT-II

Lipids-

Composition, classification, functions and sources. Role of lipids in causing heart diseases.

UNIT-III

Protein-

Composition, classification (nutritional and biological), functions, sources and RDA.

UNIT-IV

Minerals

Calcium, Phosphorus, Iron, Zinc and Iodine-

Functions, sources, requirement and effect of deficiency.

UNIT-V

Vitamins

Vitamin A, D, E, K, B1, B2 & Vitamin C-

Functions, sources, requirement and effect of deficiency.

Reference

1. Mangala Kango Normal Nutrition (Fundamental & Management) RBSA Publishers S.M.S Highway Jaipur-302003L, 2003.
2. M. Raheena Begum, Textbook of Foods, Nutrition and Dietetics, Second Revised Edition, Sterling Publishers Private Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.
3. B. Srilakshmi, Nutrition Science, New Age International (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2002.
4. Mahtab S. Bamji, N. Pralhad Rao, Vinodini Reddy, Text Book of Human Nutrition Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, Reprint 1999.